Nova Scotia

POLICE COMMISSION

SIXTH

ANNUAL REPORT

NOVA SCOTIA POLICE COMMISSION

1982

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NOVA SCOTIA POLICE COMMISSION
P.O. BOX 1573, HALIFAX, N.S.
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The Honourable Harry W. How, Q.C.
Attorney General, Province of
Nova Scotia
Post Office Box 7
Halifax, Nova Scotia
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February 28, 1983

Dear Mr. Minister,

The Annual Report of the Nova Scotia Police Commission for the calendar year 1982 is herewith respectfully submitted pursuant to the provisions of Section 10 of the Police Act.

Yours very truly,

Harry A. Porter,
Chairman

HAP/pvh

SIXTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE NOVA SCOTIA POLICE COMMISSION

1982

INTRODUCTION

The Police Act of Nova Scotia establishing the Nova Scotia Police Commission was proclaimed in October of 1976. The Nova Scotia Police Commission is responsible under the provisions of the Police Act for the promotion of efficiency of municipal police services in the Province and for the promotion of improvements in relationships between the public and the police.

The Act requires the Commission to hear and determine appeals on disciplinary penalties imposed or ordered by Chiefs of Police, Boards of Police Commissioners and Councils and appeals on complaints against police.

When requested by a Board of Police Commissioners or directed by the Attorney General, the Nova Scotia Police Commission is required by the Police Act to inquire into the conduct of or the performance of duty of any member of a municipal police force, the administration of any police force, the system of policing in any municipality, or the police needs of a municipality.

Upon request, the Act further provides for the appointment of special constables and for the approval of appointments of by-law enforcement officers by the Attorney General. The Minister has delegated this authority to the Nova Scotia Police Commission for the former and to the Chairman, Nova Scotia Police Commission for the latter category.

Under the Private Investigators and Private Guards Act the Commission is also responsible for the licensing of companies which provide investigators and guards for hire, for the licensing of individuals, and for the supervision of the industry including complaints against companies and individuals.

Under the Police Services Act the Commission has a responsibility to the Attorney General for recommending the appointment or re-appointment of Provincial Civil Constables and investigating complaints made about their conduct.

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CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

OF THE HIGHLIGHTS OF 1982

Throughout 1982 the Nova Scotia Police Commission continued its work to assist police departments to upgrade the quality of the police services being provided to the three cities and the twenty-three towns in Nova Scotia that have municipal police forces. This has been accomplished through periodic visits to police departments by members of the staff of the Commission, all of whom have many years of police experience and knowledge. In addition, the Commission has responded to a large number of individual requests for assistance and advice.

In 1982, for the first time, His Honour the Lieutenant Governor graciously consented to conduct formal investitures of serving municipal police officers with police long-service medals. His Honour also presented Continuing Education Certificates to two officers. Two investitures were held in Government House at which seventy officers were presented with the medal or a bar to the medal, and one in the auditorium of the University College of Cape Breton at which thirty-five medal or bar presentations were made.

In March 1982, the Commission completed and sent to the Chairman of the Board of Police Commissioners an assessment of the police services in the Town of Springhill. This was the eleventh assessment of a town police department. A number of recommendations were made for the improvement and upgrading of Springhill's Police Services.

On April 1, 1982, for the first time in more than fifty years, a new Town came into being, Bedford. The Commission had the privilege of assisting the new administration in the planning of the Bedford Police Department, in the process of selecting their first Chief of Police, and by conducting a promotional routine for the selection of their non-commissioned officers.

In July 1982, the Commission completed and forwarded to the Joint Expenditure Board "A Study of the Feasibility of Establishing a Regional Police Force in the County of Cape Breton". This study examined the advantages and disadvantages of regional policing, the cost factors and the planning involved, and presented a possible timetable for implementation. The acceptability of regional policing, which has many advantages, appears to turn upon the degree to which the Province is prepared to provide financial incentives to make it happen.

In September 1982, the Commission was fortunate to obtain the agreement of the Base Commander, Canadian Forces Base SHEARWATER, to permit a portion of the airfield to be used as a police driver training area. The first course for driver training conducted by the Halifax Police Department took place in early October and was very successful. It is planned to use this training facility extensively in years to come for training in defensive and pursuit driving for recruit and serving police officers from across the Province.

The Commission continues to be requested to conduct selection boards for the position of Chief of Police, promotional routines for officers and non-commissioned officers, and selection routines for recruit constables. In 1982, there were two selection boards for Chiefs of Police, three promotional routines and one selection routine for recruit constables.

Training is vitally important for police officers to improve their knowledge of police procedures and techniques, of the law and law enforcement, of human relations, of methods to deal with crisis situations, of stress in police work, and of many more related subjects. Training is important, not only for recruits, but also for all serving police officers. In the case of the latter, in today's world, like all other professions, the pace of change is quick and continuous. Officers can only keep up with it through self study and refresher courses.

The Nova Scotia Police Commission has the responsibility of co-ordinating the attendance of municipal police officers from Nova Scotia at courses conducted at the Canadian Police College, at the Atlantic Police Academy, by the R.C.M.P., and at some other training establishments. In 1982, the numbers of training courses taken at the Canadian Police College and the Atlantic Police Academy continued at a satisfactory level for those departments that participated. However, the disappointing fact is that only 30 percent of the departments took advantage of courses at the Canadian Police College and 50 percent at the Atlantic Police Academy. The Commission will continue to urge Boards of Police Commissioners to encourage their police officers to take training courses and to allocate, at the very least, 1 percent of their police budgets to the costs of police training.

In 1982, Holland College received two studies which had been commissioned with respect to the Atlantic Police Academy.

The first study found that the facilities, both accommodation and classroom, were inadequate. The report recommended that a new Atlantic Police Academy building be constructed on a 20 acre site which would provide, among other things, a paved area where practical police driver training would be carried out. The cost of the proposed new facility was estimated at approximately $15 million.

The second study into the training given by the Atlantic Police Academy examined the calendar of courses given, their course content, and the staff of the Academy. Recommendations in this report of significant interest to Nova Scotia were that police recruits should be selected and hired before they are trained, that the Provinces should establish a minimum compulsory training continuum for police officers throughout their careers, that the Provinces should pay all of the costs of compulsory training, and that the Academy's staff should include a Co-Director who would be responsible for the academic content of the Academy's courses. These same recommendations were made by this Commission and the Attorney General in his submission to Policy Board on "A Municipal Police Training Plan for Nova Scotia" in August 1979. This plan is still before Policy Board.

Holland College has forwarded the first report and those recommendations of the second report which require approval by the three Provinces to the Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission and the Maritime Premiers.

During 1982, the Crime Prevention Committee was re-structured and re-juvenated. It now has two Co-Chairmen, one a member of the Commission's staff and the other an elected member of the Committee. Three years ago, the Committee was in the forefront of crime prevention nationally. However, since then it has lost quite a bit of its impetus mainly because of the lack of funds to encourage meaningful crime prevention programs in Nova Scotia. Hopefully, through the re-organization and through some modest funding by the provincial and federal governments, the Committee's influence in crime prevention will again shift into high gear.

In 1982, the number of companies licensed to provide private investigators and private guards for hire under the Private Investigators & Private Guards Act and the numbers of individuals licensed for these duties has continued to increase. For the 1982/83 fiscal year to the end of January 1983, forty-three companies have been licensed and approximately thirteen hundred individual licenses issued. The revenue to the Province for this period has been $41,160. This represents approximately 70 percent of the cost of administering and supervising the private investigator and private guard industry.

The Commission continued its encouragement of the Adult Education Division of the Department of Education with the co-operation of the federal Department of Employment & Immigration to conduct basic training courses for private guards. One course was conducted in 1982.

All in all, 1982 has been an interesting and challenging year for the Nova Scotia Police Commission, as this review and the catalogue of activities later in this report will show. We have made satisfactory progress in a number of areas and, in particular, in assisting and advising Boards of Police Commissioners and Chiefs of Police of Town police forces in the upgrading of police services for their municipalities. The Commission has not yet been able to obtain approval for a municipal police training plan for Nova Scotia. However, although participation in the available police training courses is above what it was several years ago, the percentage of departments participating has been disappointing. This is an important area where progress is lagging and which is the key to major advances in the future in the upgrading of municipal police services in Nova Scotia.

MEMBERS OF THE COMMISSION

AS OF

DECEMBER 31, 1982

Harry A. Porter	Chairman and full time Member Appointed by Order-in-Council April 1, 1976 for ten years
Neil G. Price	Part time Member, Appointed on the 18th November, 1982 for a two year term, residing in Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Murray J. Ritch	Part time Member, Lawyer Appointed 7 December, 1982 for a two year term, residing in Dartmouth, N.S.

Dennis Ashworth	Part time Member of the Commission resigned due to his Appointment as Principal Assistant to the Premier
William Henley	Part time Member of the Commission Insurance Executive, Sheet Harbour retired on completion of his term of Appointment, October 1, 1982

STAFF OF THE COMMISSION
AS OF
DECEMBER 31, 1982

Position Vacant	Executive Director
Ronald G. Bedgood	Director of Personnel Development Advisor for the Annapolis Valley and South Shore areas. He is a civil servant and retired from the Halifax Police Department.
George A. Smith	Director Police Research & Statistics Advisor for Colchester, Pictou and Cumberland Counties areas. He is a civil servant and retired from the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.
J. Edward McNeill	Director and Inspector Security Services Advisor for the Cape Breton area. He is a civil servant and retired from the Sydney Police Department.
Administrative Secretaries:	
Carmen Matte	Secretary to the Commission
Paulette Hebert	Secretary to the Directors

Leo C. Storm	Served as Executive Director from 1st October 1980 until 30th September, 1982. He was a seconded Police Inspector from the Halifax Police Department and was appointed to the Nova Scotia Police Commission by Order-in-Council.

ACCOMMODATIONS:

The Nova Scotia Police Commission offices are located on the 10th floor, Queen Square, 45 Alderney Drive, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia.

DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION:

The Nova Scotia Police Commission has duties under three Provincial Statutes:

- Police Act - Chapter 9, Statutes of Nova Scotia 1974;
- Private Investigators and Private Guards Act, Chapter 14, Statutes of Nova Scotia 1972;
- Police Services Act, Chapter 17(Sections 8 - 11) Statutes of Nova Scotia 1969.

UPGRADING OF MUNICIPAL POLICE SERVICES IN NOVA SCOTIA:

The Province of Nova Scotia has 26 Municipal Police Forces with an authorized strength of approximately 724 persons. A listing of municipal police departments is attached as Appendix "B".

The Nova Scotia Police Commission's responsibility for promoting the upgrading of municipal police services is progressing in the following areas:

UPGRADING OF MUNICIPAL POLICE SERVICES IN NOVA SCOTIA CONT'D:

1) Advice and assistance to Boards of Police Commissioners, and Chiefs of Police on the modern management and operation of police departments. A booklet entitled" Guidelines For Police Governing Authorities" was distributed in 1982 to all local police governing authorities.

2) Assessments of Police Departments - To date eleven assessments and one evaluation of a previous assessment have been completed, and a twelfth assessment is in progress. These were undertaken at the request of municipal authorities.

3) Promotional Routine, Interview Boards - The Nova Scotia Police Commission has now been involved in a total of ten Interview Boards for the position of Chiefs of Police and in twelve Promotional Routines for other ranks within municipal police departments. A promotional routine system has been developed by the Commission and is utilized when conducting routines.

4) Central Information and Statistical Services - The Director of Police Research and Statistics has established an information and statistics bank on matters relating to municipal police services. See Appendix "D" for 1982 Crime Statistics.

5) A Standard Municipal Police Training Plan for Nova Scotia - The Nova Scotia Police Commission is responsible for a progressive improvement and upgrading of the competence and skills of municipal police officers of all ranks. To that end, a standard minimum municipal police compulsory training plan has been developed and is currently before the Policy Board.

6) Training of Municipal Police Personnel at the Canadian Police College and Atlantic Police Academy - The Nova Scotia Police Commission is responsible for co-ordinating and arranging for the Atlantic Police Academy in Charlottetown and other training institutions for all Municipal Police Departments. Appendix "C" lists the number of courses taken in 1982 and their subject matter.

PUBLIC COMPLAINTS AND INTERNAL DISCIPLINE:

A) Public Complaints Against Police - In 1982, a total of 80 public complaints were made to the 26 Municipal Police Departments with regard to actions by their personnel. Of these 80 complaints a total of 40 were either informally resolved or not proceeded with by the citizen. Of the remainder, 33 were found after investigation to be unsubstantiated and seven resulted in disciplinary action being taken.

B) Internal Discipline - In 1982 the Municipal Police Departments reported that a total of 67 internal disciplinary matters were investigated. Of these, disciplinary action was taken in 48 cases, 12 cases were dismissed and seven are pending decision.

HEARING AND DISPOSING OF APPEALS:

Under the Police Act and Regulations made under the Act, the Commission is required to hear and dispose of appeals from two sources.

A) Public Complaints Against Police - Members of the public dissatisfied with the handling and disposition of their complaints against police at other levels may appeal to the Nova Scotia Police Commission.

B) Members of Police Forces Appealing Disciplinary Matters - Police members alleged to have committed disciplinary defaults of the Code of Discipline of the Regulations made under the Police Act may appeal the decision and/or the punishment awarded within their department to their Municipal Boards of Police Commissioners, thence to their Councils, and finally to the Nova Scotia Police Commission.

Public Inquiry - A Public Inquiry involving members of the New Waterford Police Department was completed May 3, 1982 and the report was submitted at that time to the Attorney General.

CRIME PREVENTION COMMITTEE

The Nova Scotia Police Commission sponsors a Crime Prevention Committee for Nova Scotia. Membership on the committee is drawn from business, the community, police, universities, and government at all levels.

The Crime Prevention Committee in 1982 reconfirmed its objectives, reorganized its executive structure and is formulating broader reaching goals for 1983.

LIST OF ACTIVITIES

A list of activities of the members and staff of the Nova Scotia Police Commission for 1982 is attached as Appendix "A".

APPOINTMENT OF SPECIAL CONSTABLES AND BY-LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

At present 415 persons hold appointments as special constables. Some of these persons perform duties for the Halifax-Dartmouth Bridge Commission, the Security Branch of the Cape Breton Development Corporation, Federal Fisheries Dept., the Department of Lands and Forests, and Bowaters Mersey Corp., or are members of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Auxiliary Police.

By-Law Enforcement Officers total 68 as of December 31, 1982.

PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS AND PRIVATE GUARDS ACT

As of January 31, 1982, 43 companies were licensed in Nova Scotia to provide private investigators and private guards for hire, and a total of approximately 1,329 persons were holding licenses for this purpose issued by the Commission.

The Commission is continuing working with the Adult Education Division of the Department of Education and a group of persons from the industry, and have developed a vocational training course for security personnel that has graduated 37 persons this year and is an ongoing project. The course is designed to be portable and one or more courses are planned for Industrial Cape Breton during 1983.

PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS AND PRIVATE GUARDS ACT CONT'D:

During the fiscal year 1982/83 up until the present date the Nova Scotia Police Commission collected $41,200.00 for licenses of companies and individuals licensed under the provisions of the Private Investigators and Private Guards Act. The increase in fees collected is due to the 100% increase in fees approved as of April 1, 1982.

In 1982, the Private Investigators and Private Guards Act and the Police Services Act were amended to provide control over Guard Dogs and their handlers. Also draft regulations were forwarded to the Department of the Attorney General for their approval prior to being submitted to the Governor-in-Council.

POLICE SERVICES ACT:

At present there are 41 persons holding appointments as Provincial Civil Constables under the provisions of this Act. A proposed "Bailiff Act" has been prepared by the Commission to replace the Police Services Act and has been forwarded to the Attorney General for consideration.

NOVA SCOTIA POLICE COMMISSION

ACTIVITIES

JANUARY 1, 1982 - December 31, 1982

- Meetings of the Nova Scotia Police Commission	6
- Attendance at Symposium of Provincial Police Commissions held in Winnipeg, Manitoba	1
- Meetings with other Provincial or Federal Government Departments	15
- Staff Meetings with Chairman and/or Nova Scotia Police Commission	26
- Meetings with University officials including Training	11
- Assistance to various Foundations, Societies, Commissions, Consultants and the Press, etc.	15
- Provided staff lectures for University Courses	3

ASSISTANCE TO POLICE GOVERNING AUTHORITIES

- Meetings or visits with Mayors, Councils, Chairmen and Municipal Boards of Police Commissioners	40
- Selection Boards conducted for appointments of Chief of Police	2
- Conducting of Promotional Routines	3
- Recruit selection assistance	1
- Assessments of Police Departments	1
- Meetings in relation to Regional Policing with JOINTEX and other Regional Authorities	2

ACTIVITIES CONCERNING POLICE DEPARTMENTS

- Visits to Municipal Police Departments by Staff Advisors	171
- Meetings or Visits to Federal or other Police Agencies	6
- Assistance to Royal Canadian Mounted Police	3
- Arrangements made with His Honour the Lieutenant Governor for Investitures of Police Long Service Medals & Bars, Investitures conducted	3

ACTIVITIES CONCERNING POLICE TRAINING

- Co-ordinating of the Training of Municipal Police and Fire Services at the Canadian Police College, Atlantic Police Academy, R.C.M.P. Breathalyzer Training Course and at other training facilities	
- Canadian Police College Advisory Council Meetings	1
- Atlantic Police Academy Advisory Council Meetings	3
- Atlantic Police Academy Working Committee Meetings	4
- Meetings with Atlantic Police Academy Staff	2
- Meetings with Police Chiefs or other Department Officials regarding Training	13
- Attendance at Police Educators Conference and other Training Courses or Seminars by Staff Members	8
- Attendance at Graduations of Police Recruits	2
- Meetings with Armed Forces Officials regarding planning and site approval for Driver Training	3

COMPLAINTS OR OTHER DISCIPLINE MATTERS

- Investigations (not including Private Investigators or Private Guards)	2
- Appeals	1
- Submission of report on Public Inquiry (New Waterford)	1
- Instruction and Advice to Municipal Police Departments in relation to procedures pertaining to the Nova Scotia Police Act and Regulations	Continuous

ACTIVITIES CONCERNING

POLICE ASSOCIATIONS AND UNIONS

- Meetings with Nova Scotia Chiefs of Police Association	3
- Attendance at the Canadian Association of Chiefs of Police Annual Meeting	1
- Meetings or Visits with officials and Members of Canadian Union of Public Employees	2
- Meetings or visits with officials and Members of the Police Association of Nova Scotia	6

PRIVATE INVESTIGATORS AND PRIVATE GUARDS

- Investigations of complaints against Private Investigators and/or Private Guards including companies employing same	13
- Meetings and visits to companies providing Private Guard, Investigators and Provincial Civil Constables	30
- Other meetings including lectures, police training courses and assistance to other various affected groups	5

SPECIAL CONSTABLES AND BY-LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS

- Meetings with Municipal Officials and Appointees	20

PROVINCIAL CIVIL CONSTABLES

- Investigations of Complaints against Provincial Civil Constables	4

APPENDIX "B"

MUNICIPAL POLICE DEPARTMENTS

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 1982

DEPARTMENT	REGULAR POLICE STRENGTH	POPULATION	POLICE PER 1,000 POPULATION
Amherst	18	9,684	1.82
Annapolis Royal	3	631	4.75
Bedford	13	6,777	1.92
Berwick	5	1,699	2.94
Bridgewater	15	6,669	2.25
Dartmouth	128	62,277	2.06
Dominion	5	2,856	1.75
Hantsport	2	1,395	1.43
Glace Bay	34	21,466	1.58
Halifax	283	114,594	2.47
Kentville	10	4,974	2.01
Louisbourg	3	1,410	2.13
Lunenburg	7	3,014	2.32
Mahone Bay	3	1,228	2.44
Middleton	6	1,834	3.27
New Glasgow	24	10,464	2.29
New Waterford	14	8,801	1.59
North Sydney	10	7,820	1.28
Springhill	8	4,896	1.63
Stellarton	9	5,435	1.66
Sydney	69	29,444	2.34
Sydney Mines	10	8,501	1.18
Trenton	8	3,154	2.54
Truro	26	12,552	2.07
Westville	6	4,522	1.33
Wolfville	6	3,235	1.85
TOTAL 26 Departments	725		

NOTE: Population figures are as per 1981 census.

APPENDIX "C"
PAGE 1 of 2

COURSES ATTENDED
1982
C A N A D I A N P O L I C E C O L L E G E

Technical Traffic Accident Investigation	1
Polygraph Examiners	1
Adaptive Organization Workshop	1
Perspectives in Police Management	1
Crisis & Conflict Intervention	1
Executive Development	2
Senior Police Administration	6
Instructional Techniques	3
Effective Presentation	8
Drug Investigational Techniques	4
Gambling Investigational Techniques	1
Police Explosives Techniques Validation	2
Police Explosives Techniques	2
Commanders Hostage/Barricaded Persons	3
Negotiators Hostage/Barricaded Persons	4
Identification Methods & Techniques	2
Advanced Identification	2
Major Crime	3
Police/Labour Relations Workshop	2
Financial Management Workshop	1
Intelligence Analysis	1
Computer Crime Investigative Techniques	1
Media Communications	2
Multi Cultural Educational Instructors	1
Offered	62 Courses
Attended	55 Courses

Seven positions not filled because of last minute cancellations.

Participating Departments: Total of 8 Departments

Bridgewater	Halifax	New Glasgow	Sydney
Dartmouth	Middleton	Stellarton	Truro

ATLANTIC POLICE ACADEMY

COURSES ATTENDED 1982

Juvenile Officers Course	5
General Police Science	22
Police Supervision	6
Arson Investigators	2
Civilian Dispatchers	2
Crisis Intervention	12
Traffic Investigation & Radar	4
Advanced Police Science	5
Interrogation	5
Gas Instructors	9
T O T A L	72

PARTICIPATING DEPARTMENTS: TOTAL OF 13 DEPARTMENTS

Amherst	Lunenburg	Sydney
Bridgewater	Mahone Bay	Sydney Mines
Dartmouth	Middleton	Truro
Halifax	New Glasgow	
Kentville	North Sydney	

BREATHALYZER COURSES ARRANGED WITH THE R.C.M.P. AT DEBERT,N.S.

Amherst (1)	Halifax (4)	Sydney (1)
Berwick (2)	Kentville (2)	Sydney Mines (1)
Bridgewater (1)	Lunenburg (2)	Stellarton (2)
Dartmouth (6)	North Sydney (1)	Truro (3)

Total of 26 Course participants.

NOVA SCOTIA MUNICIPAL POLICE CRIME TREND COMPARISONS

MUNICIPALITY	POPULATION [1]	ACTUAL CRIMES [2] 1981	1982	% CHANGE	CRIME RATE [3] 1982	POLICE [4] STRENGTH	POPULATION - [5] POLICE RATIO	CASE LOAD PER MEMBER
AMHERST	9,684	1,272	1,092	- 14.2	112.8	18	538.0	60.7
ANNAPOLIS ROYAL	631	82	34	- 58.3	53.9	3	210.3	11.3
BERWICK	1,699	202	174	- 13.9	102.4	5	399.8	34.8
BRIDGEWATER	6,699	642	787	22.6	117.5	15	446.6	52.5
DARTMOUTH	62,277	5,545	5,795	4.5	93.1	128	486.5	45.3
DOMINION	2,856	175	155	- 11.4	54.3	5	571.2	31.0
GLACE BAY	21,466	1,190	1,055	- 11.3	49.1	34	631.4	31.0
HALIFAX	114,594	14,436	15,284	5.9	133.4	283	404.9	54.0
HANTSPORT	1,395	27	38	40.7	27.2	2	697.5	19.0
KENTVILLE	4,974	270	246	- 8.9	49.5	10	497.4	24.6
LOUISBOURG	1,410	82	97	18.3	68.8	3	470.0	32.3
LUNENBURG	3,014	202	176	- 12.9	58.4	7	430.6	25.1
MAHONE BAY	1,228	85	110	29.4	89.6	3	409.3	36.7
MIDDLETON	1,834	241	233	- 3.3	127.0	6	305.7	38.8
NEW GLASGOW	10,464	762	1,228	61.2	117.4	24	436.0	51.2
NEW WATERFORD	8,801	1,090	1,023	- 6.1	116.2	14	628.6	73.1
NORTH SYDNEY	7,820	862	724	- 16.0	92.6	10	782.0	72.4
SPRINGHILL	4,896	101	249	146.5	50.9	8	612.0	31.1
STELLARTON	5,435	290	336	15.9	61.8	9	603.9	37.3
SYDNEY	29,444	3,524	3,097	- 12.1	105.2	69	426.7	44.9
SYDNEY MINES	8,501	820	717	- 12.6	84.3	10	850.1	71.7
TRENTON	3,154	168	181	7.7	57.4	8	394.3	22.6
TRURO	12,552	1,666	1,871	12.3	149.1	26	482.8	72.0
WESTVILLE	4,522	330	354	7.3	78.3	6	753.7	59.0
WOLFVILLE	3,235	216	179	- 17.1	55.3	6	539.2	29.8
T O T A L	332,585	34,280	35,235	2.8	105.9	712	467.1	49.5
BEDFORD [6]	6,777	-	701	-	103.4	13	521.3	53.9

FOOT NOTES:

1. 1981 Census.
2. Criminal Code Offences except for Criminal Code Traffic related offences; only.
3. Per 1,000 population.
4. Regular sworn members as of December 31, 1982.
5. Population ÷ police.
6. Bedford commenced operations on April 1, 1982. Figures not included in total.